ASTM C185 Standard Test Method for Air Content of Hydraulic Cement Mortar Understanding ASTM International Test Procedures for Cement and Concrete - Staying Up to Standard Anthony F. Bentivegna, Ph.D. April 27-28, 2015
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Related Procedures (1/3)

- ▶ ASTM C91 Specification for Masonry Cement
- ASTM C109 Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 50-mm Cube Specimens)
- ASTM C150 Specification for Portland Cement
- ASTM C183 Practice for Sampling and the Amount of Testing of Hydraulic Cement
- ASTM C230 Specification for Flow Table for Use in Tests of Hydraulic Cement
- ASTM C305 Practice for Mechanical Mixing of Hydraulic Cement Pastes and Mortars of Plastic Consistency

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Related Procedures (2/3)

- ASTM C511 Specification for Mixing Rooms, Moist Cabinets, Moist Rooms, and Water Storage Tanks Used in the Testing of Hydraulic Cements and Concretes
- ▶ ASTM C595 Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements
- ▶ ASTM C778 Specification for Sand
- ASTM C1005 Specification for Reference Masses and Devices for Determining Mass and Volume for Use in the Physical Testing of Hydraulic Cements
- ASTM C1157 Performance Specification for Hydraulic Cement

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Related Procedures (3/3)

- ▶ ASTM C1328 Specification for Plastic (Stucco) Cement
- ▶ ASTM C1329 Specification for Mortar Cement
- ASTM E438 Specification for Glasses in Laboratory Aparatus
- ASTM E694 Specification for Laboratory Glass Volumetric Apparatus
- ▶ IEEE/ASTM SI 10 Standard for Use of the International System of Units (SI): The Modern Metric System

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- Scope: This test method covers the determination of the air content of hydraulic cement mortar.
- Significance and Use: The purpose of this test method is to determine whether or not the hydraulic cement under test meets the air-entraining or non-air-entraining requirements of the applicable hydraulic cement specification for which the test is being made. The air content of concrete is influenced by many factors other than the potential of the cement for air entrainment.

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Summary of Test Method

- Prepare a <u>mortar</u> with <u>standard sand</u> and the <u>cement</u> to be tested, using a <u>water content</u> sufficient to give a required <u>flow</u>.
- Compact the mortar into a measure of known volume and determine mass.
- <u>Calculate the air content</u> from the measured density of the mortar, the known densities of the constituents, and the mixture proportions.

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Key Terminology

<u>Air Content</u> - of freshly mixed mortar the volume of air (and other gases) in mortar, expressed as a percentage of total volume of mortar.

Source: ASTM C21

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Apparatus

- ▶ Flow Table, Flow Mold, and Caliper
- Measure
- Mixer, Bowl, and Paddle
- Straightedge
- Weights and Weighing Devices
- Glass Graduates
- Tamper
- Tapping Stick
- ▶ Spoon

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Apparatus: Flow Table, Flow Mold, and Caliper (1/2)

▶ Flow Table



Diameter: 255 ± 2.5 mm



Raised Height: 12.7 ± 0.13 mm

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Apparatus: Flow Table, Flow Mold, and Caliper (2/2) Conical Mold and Caliper Diameter Top: 70 ± 0.5 mm Diameter Bottom: 100 ± 0.5 mm Height: 50 ± 0.5 mm

Apparatus: Measure

A cylindrical measure having an inside diameter of 76 ± 2 mm and a depth (approximately 88 mm) adjusted by standardization with water to contain 400 ± 1 mL at 23.0 ± 2.0 °C.



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Apparatus: Measure Calibration



Apparatus: Straightedge

A steel straightedge not less than 200 mm long and not less than 1.5 mm nor more than 3.5 mm in thickness.



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Apparatus: Tamper and Tapping Stick

- Tapping Stick: A piece of hard wood having a diameter of approximately 16 mm and a length of approximately 152 mm.
- Tamper: Conforming to the requirements of Test Method C109. The tamping face of the tamper shall be flat and at right angles to the length of the tamper.





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Apparatus: Other

- Mixer, Paddle and Bowl Shall Conform to Practice C305
- Weights and Weighing Devices Shall Conform to C1005
- Glass graduates of 250-mL capacity, conforming to the requirements of Specifications E438 and E694.







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Temperature and Humidity Requirements

- The temperature of the air and mixing water shall conform to the requirements of Specification C511.
 - Air Temp. 23.0 ± 4.0 °C
 - $^{\circ}$ Mixing Water shall be 23.0 \pm 2.0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- The relative humidity of the laboratory shall conform to the requirements of Specification C511.
 - Relative Humidity not less than 50 %

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Procedure: Mixing

- Proportion the standard mortar using
 - · 350 g Cement
 - · 1400 g 20-30 Standard Sand
 - Sufficient water to give a flow of 87 $\frac{1}{2}$ + 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ %.
- Mixing Mortar per Practice C305

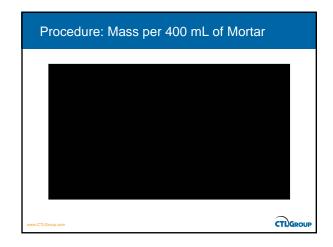


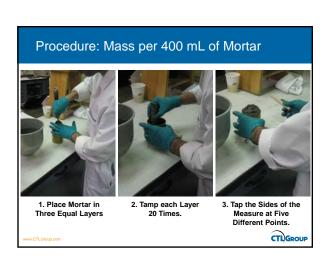
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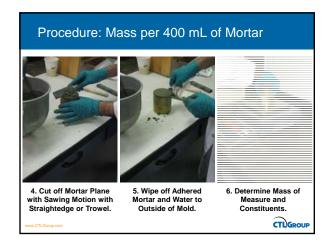
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Procedure: Flow Determination This source of the state o

Procedure: Flow Determination







Calculation: Air Content

- Calculate the air content of the mortar, expressed as
- ▶ When,
 - Portland Cement SG = 3.15
 - 20-30 Standard Sand SG = 2.65

$$\mbox{Air Content, volume } \% = \ 100 \ - \ W \left[\frac{(182.7 + P)}{(2000 + 4P)} \right]$$

W= Mass of 400 mL of Mortar, g P = Percentage of Water(%)

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Calculation: Note 5

When the hydraulic cement is other than portland, the appropriate value for its specific gravity shall be substituted for the value of 3.15 and the formula rederived accordingly:

where:
$$W_g = \text{actual mass per unit of volume as determined by this test method.}$$

$$= W400 \text{ g/mL}, \text{ where } W \text{ is the mass in grams of the specified 400 mL}, of mortar (9.4),$$

$$W_c = \text{theoretical mass per unit of volume, calculated on an air-free basis as follows and using the values for quantities of materials and specific gravities as given in 9.1 and 10.1,$$

 $\frac{350 + 1400 + 350 \times P \times 0.01}{350} + \frac{1400}{2.65} + \frac{350 \times P \times 0.01}{1}$

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Calculation: Note 5

=
$$\frac{(5+0.01P)}{(1.827+0.01P)}$$
, and

P = percentage of mixing water, based on mass of cement. Substituting for W_a and W_c we have:

Air content, volume % =
$$100 \left(1 - \frac{W}{400} \times \frac{1.827 + 0.01P}{5 + 0.01P}\right)$$

Air content, volume % =
$$100 - \frac{W}{4} \times \frac{(1.827 + 0.01P)}{(5 + 0.01P)}$$

Air content, volume
$$\% = 100 - 2.5W \frac{(182.7 + P)}{(5000 + 10P)}$$

Air content, volume $\% = 100 - W \frac{(182.7 + P)}{(2000 + 4P)}$

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- Room temperature should be well maintained as per test requirement.
- ▶ All apparatus used should be clean.
- ▶ Flow test drop 10 times.
- ▶ Don't use mortar from flow test.
- ▶ Don't forget to tap the sides.
- ▶ Do not over compress mortar.

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Questions & Answers